ordinance no. 18 (2)

section 4.02 Development Which May Endanger Human Life

A. In accordance with the Pennsylvania Floodplain Management Act, and the regulations adopted by the Department of Community

Affairs as required by the Act, any new or substantially improved structure which will be used for the production or storage of any of the following dangerous materials or sub- stances or which will be used for any activity requiring

the maintenance of a supply (more than 550 gallons or other comparable volume of any amount of radioactive substances)

on the premises, shall be subject to the provisions of this section, in addition to all other applicable provisions:

- 1. Acetone
- 2. Ammonia
- 3. Benzene
- 4. Calcium carbide
- 5. Carbon disulfide
- 6. Celluloid
- 7. Chlorine
- 8. Hydrochloric acid
- 9. Hydrocyanic acid
- 10. Magnesium
- 11. Nitric acid and oxides of nitrogen .
- 12. Petroleum products (gasoline, fuel oil, etc.)
- 13.Phosphorous
- 14. Potassium
- 15. Sodium
- 16. Sulfur and sulfur products
- 17. Pesticides (including insecticides, fungicides, and rodenticides)
- 18. Radioactive substances, insofar as such substances are not otherwise regulated.
- B. Where permitted within any identified floodplain area, any new or substantially improved structure of the kind de- scribed in Section A above shall be:
- 1. elevated or designed and constructed to remain completely dry up to at least one and one-half $(1\sim)$ feet above the one hundred (100) year flood, and
- 2. designed to prevent pollution from the structure or activity during the course of a one hundred (100) year flood.

Any such structure, or part thereof, that will be built below the Regulatory Flood Elevation shall be designed and constructed in accordance with the standards for completely dry flood-proofing contained in the publication

"Flood-Proofing Regulations" (U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, June 1972), or with some other equivalent water tight standard.

Section 4.03 Special Requirements for Mobile Homes

A. Where permitted within any identified floodplain area all mobile homes and additions thereto shall be:

1. anchored to resist flotation, collapse or lateral

movement by providing over-the-top and frame ties

to ground anchors in accordance with the American National Standards as specified in the Standard for the Installation of Mobile Homes Including Mobile

Home Park Requirements [NFPA No. 501A-1974 (ANSI Al19.3-

1975)] as amended for Mobile homes Hurricane Zones or ~

other appropriate standards such as follows:

- a. over-the-top ties shall be provided at each
- of the four (4) corners of the mobile home, with two (2) additional ties per side at intermediate locations for units fifty (50) feet or more in

length, and one (1) additional tie per side for units less than fifty (50) feet in length;

- b. frame ties shall be provided at each corner of the mobile home, with five (5) additional ties per side at intermediate locations for units
- fifty (50) feet or more in length, and four (4) additional ties per side for units less than fifty (50) feet in length; and
- c. all components of the anchoring system shall be capable of carrying a force of four thousand eight hundred (4,800) pounds.
- 2. All mobile homes and any additions thereto shall also be elevated in accordance with the following requirements:
- a. the stands or lots shall be elevated on compacted fill, or on pilings so that the lowest floor of the mobile home will be at or above the elevation of the Regulatory Flood;
- b. adequate surface drainage is provided;
- c. adequate access for a hauler is provided; and
- d. where pilings are used for elevation, the lots
- " shall be large enough to permit steps; piling foundation shall be placed in stable soil not more than ten (10) feet apart; reinforcement shall be provided for pilings that will extend for six (6) feet or more above ground level.
- B. An evacuation plan indicating alternate vehicular access and escape routes shall be filed with the appropriate Township officials for mobile home parks.

ARTICLE V ACTIVITIES REQUIRING SPECIAL PERMITS

Section 5.00 General

In accordance with the Department of Community Affairs Administrative Regulations implementing the Pennsylvania Floodplain Management Act (Act 1978-166), the following obstructions and activities are prohibit if located' entirely or partially within an identified floodplain area unless a special permit is issued:

- A. Hospitals (public or private);
- B. Nursing homes (public or private); C. Jails or prisons; and
- D. New mobile home parks and mobile home subdivisions, and substantial improvements to such existing parks and developments.

Section 5.01 Special Permit Application Requirements

Application for a Special Permit shall consist of at least five copies of the following items:

- A. A written request which includes the information specified in Section 2.02, pertaining to building permit application procedures.
- B. The following documentation:
- 1. certification from the applicant that the site upon which the activity or development is proposed is an existing and single parcel, owned by the applicant or the client he represents;
- 2. certification from a registered professional
 engineer, architect, or landscape architect that
 the proposed construction has been adequately de- signed to protect against damage from the one
 hundred (100) year flood;
- 3. a statement, certified by a registered professional engineer, architect, landscape architect, or other qualified person which contains a complete and accurate description of the nature and extent of pollution that might occur from the development during the course of a 100 year flood, including a statement concerning the effects such pollution may have on human life;
- 4. a statement certified by a registered professional engineer, or landscape architect, which contains a complete and accurate description of the effects the proposed development will have on 100 year flood elevations and flows;
- 5. a statement, certified by a registered professional engineer, architect, or landscape architect, which contains a complete and accurate description of the , kinds and amounts of any loose buoyant materials or debris that may possibly exist or be located on the site below the 100 year flood elevation and the effects such materials and debris may have on 100 year flood elevations and flows; and
- 6. an evacuation plan which fully explains the manner in which the site will be safely evacuated before or during the course of a 100 year flood.

Section 5.02 Application Review Procedures \hdots

Upon receipt of an application for a Special Permit by the Township the following procedures shall apply in addition to those of Article

- A. Within three (3) working days following receipt of the application, a complete copy of the application and all accompanying documentation shall be forwarded to the County Planning Commission by registered or certified mail for its review and recommendations. Copies of the application shall also be forwarded to the Township Planning Commission and Township Engineer for review and comment.
- B. If an application is received that is incomplete, the Township shall notify the applicant in writing, stating

in what respects the application is deficient.

- C. If the Township decides to disapprove an application, it shall notify the applicant, in writing, of the reasons for the disapproval.
- ${\tt D.}$ If the Township approves an application, it shall file written notification, together with the application and

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all pertlnent lnformatl.on, with the Department Of Community Affairs, by registered or certified mail, within five (5) days after the date of approval.

- E. Before issuing the Special Permit, the Township shall allow the Department of Community Affairs thirty (30) days after receipt of the notification by the Department, to review the application and decision made by the Township,
- F. If the Township does not receive any communication from the Department of Community Affairs during the thirty (30) day review period, it may issue a Special Permit to the applicant.

G. If the Department of Community Affairs should decide to disapprove an application, it shall notify the Township and the applicant, in writing, of the reasons for the disapproval, and the Township shall not issue the Special Permit.

Section 5.03 Special Technical Requirements

- A. In addition to the requirements of Article IV of this Ordinance, the following minimum requirements shall also apply to any proposed development requ5.ring a Spec5.aJ. Permit. If there is any conflict between any of the following requirements and those in Article IV of this Ordinance or in any other code, ordinance, or regulation, the more restrictive provisions shall apply.
- B. No application for a Special Permit shall be approved unless it can be determined that the structure or activity will be located, constructed and maintained in a manner *wh*ich will:
- 1. Fully protect the health and safety of the general public and any occupants of the structure.

At a minimum, all new structures shall be designed, located, and constructed so that:

- a. The structure will survive inundation by waters of the one hundred (100) year flood without any lateral movement or
- damage to either the structure itself, or to any of its equipment or contents below the one hundred (100) year flood elevation.
- b. The first floor elevation will be at least one and one-half (11) feet above the one hundred (100) year flood elevation.
- c. The occupants of the structure can remain inside for an indefinite period of time and be safely evacuated at any time during the one hundred (100) year flood.
- 2.. Prevent any significant possibility of pollution, increased flood levels or flows, or debris endangering life and property. All hydrologic and hydraulic analyses shall be undertaken only by professional engineers or others of demonstrated qualification, who shall certify that the technical methods used correctly reflect currently accepted technical concepts. Studies, analyses, computations, etc. shall be submitted in sufficient detail to allow a thorough technical review by the Township and the Department of Community Affairs.

ARTICLE VI EXISTING STRUCTURES IN IDENTIFIED FLOODPLAIN AREAS

Structures existing in any identified floodplain area prior to the enactment of this Ordinance, but which are not in compliance with these provisions, may continue to remain, provided that:

A. Any modification, alteration, reconstruction, or

improvement of any kind to an existing structure, to an extent or amount of fifty (50) percent or more of its market value, shall be undertaken only in full compliance with the provisions of this Ordinance.

ARTICTLE VII VARIANCES

If compliance with any of the requirements of this Ordinance would result in an exceptional hardship to a prospective builder, developer or landowner, the Township may, upon request, grant. relief for the strict application of the requirements.

Requests for variances shall be considered by the Township in accordance with the procedures contained in Section 2.11 and the following:

A. Except for a possible modification of the freeboard requirements involved, no variance shall be granted for any of the other requirements, pertaining specifically to development regulated by Special Permit (Art. V) or Development Which May Endanger Human Life (Sec. 4.02).

- B. If granted, a variance shall involve only the least modification necessary to provide relief.
- C. In granting any variance, the Township shall attach whatever reasonable conditions and safeguard it considers. necessary in order to protect the public health, safety, and welfare, and to achieve the objectives of this Ordinance.

 ${\bf D}.$ Whenever a variance is granted, the Township shall notify ${\mbox{\tiny \circ}}$ the applicant in writing that:

- 1. the granting of the variance may result in increased premium rates for flood insurance, and
- 2. such variances may increase the risks to life and property.
- E. In reviewing any request for a variance, the Township shall consider, at a minimum, the following:
- 1. that there is good and sufficient cause;
- 2. that failure to grant the variance would result in exceptional hardship to the applicant, and
- 3. that. the granting of the variance will (i) neither , result in an unacceptable or prohibited increase in flood heights, additional threats to public safety, or extraordinary public expense, (ii) nor create nui- sances, cause fraud on, or victimize the public, or conflict with any other applicable state or local ordinances and regulations.
- F. A complete record of all variance requests and related actions shall be maintained by the Township. In addition, a report of all variances granted during the year shall

be included in the annual report to the Federal Insurance Administration.

Notwithstanding any of the above, however, all structures shall be designed and constructed so as to have *the* capability of resisting the one hundred (100) year flood.

ARTICLE VI. [1 DEFINITIONS

Section 8.00 General

Unless specifically defined below, words and phrases used in this Ordinance shall be interpreted so as to give this Ordinance its most reasonable application.

Section 8.01 Specific Definitions

A. Accessory use or structure — a use or structure on the same lot with, and of a nature customarily incidental and subordinate to, the principal use or structure.

- B. Building a combination of materials to form a permanent structure having walls and a roof. Included shall be all mobile homes and trailers to be used for human habitation.
- C. Construction the construction, reconstruction, renovation, repair, extension, expansion, alteration, or relocation of a building or structure, including the placement of mobile homes. Notwithstanding the foregoing, and subject to Article VI of this Ordinance, "repairs" or "alterations" which do not entail changes in the exterior configuration of existing buildings shall not be considered "construction".
- D. Development any man-made change to improved or unimproved real estate, including but not limited to buildings or other structures, the placement of mobile homes, streets, and other paving, utilities, filling, grading, excavation, mining, dredging, or drilling operations and the subdivision of land
- E. Floodplain area a relatively flat or low land area which is subject to partial or complete inundation from an adjoining or nearby stream, river, or watercourse; and/or any area subject to the unusual and rapid accumulation of surface waters from any source.
- F. Flood a temporary inundation of normally dry land areas.
- G. Flood-proofing means any combinations of structural and non-structural additions, changes, or adjustments to structures which reduce or eliminate flood damage to real estate or improve real property, water and sanitary facilities, structures and their contents.
- H. Minor repair the replacement of existing work with equivalent materials for the purpose of its routine

maintenance and upkeep, but not including the cutting away of any wall, partition or portion thereof, the removal or cutting of any structural beam or bearing support, or the removal or change of any required means or egress, or rearrangement of parts of a structure affecting the exit-

way requirements; nor shall minor repairs include addition to, alteration of, replacement or relocation of any stand-

pipe, water supply, sewer, drainage, drain leader, gas, soil, waste, vent or similar piping, electric wiring or mechanical or other work affecting public health or general safety.

- I. Mobile home means a transportable, single family dwelling intended for permanent occupancy, office or place of assembly, contained in one or more sections, built on a permanent chassis, which arrives at a site complete and ready for occupancy except for minor and incidental unpacking and assembly operations, and constructed so that it may be used with or without a permanent foundation. The term does not include recreational .vehicles or travel trailers.
- J. Mobile home park a parcel of land under single ownership which has been planned and improved for the placement of two or more mobile homes for non-transient use.
- K. Obstruction any wall, dam, wharf, embankment, levee, dike, pile abutment, projection, excavation, channel, rectification, culvert, building, fence, stockpile, refuse, fill structure, or matter in, along, across, or projecting into

any channel, watercourse, or flood prone area, which may impede, retard, or change the direction of the flow of water either in itself or by catching or collecting debris carried by such water or is placed where the flow of water might carry the same downstream to the damage of life and property.

- L. One hundred year flood a flood that, on the average, is likely to occur once everyone hundred (100) years
- (i.e. that has one (1) percent chance of occurring each year, although the flood may occur in any year).
- M. Regulatory flood elevation the one hundred (100) year flood elevation plus a freeboard safety factor of one and one-half (1 1/2) feet.
- N. Special permit a special approval which is required for hospitals, nursing homes, jails, and new mobile home parks and substantial improvements to such existing parks, when such development is located in all, or a designated portion. of a floodplain.
- o. Structure anything constructed or erected on the ground or attached to the ground including, but not limited to
- (' buildings, sheds, mobile homes, and other similar items.
- P. Subdivision the division or re-division of a lot, tract, or parcel of land by any means into two or more lots,

tracts, parcels or other divisions of land including changes in existing lot lines for the purpose, whether immediate

or future, of lease, transfer of ownership or building or lot development. The division of land for agricultural purposes into parcels of more than ten (10) acres, not involving any new street or easement of access, shall be exempted.

ORDAINED AND ENACTED this 22 day of October ' 1986.

David W. Manross

SUPERVISOR

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Nelson J.Hoovler SUPERVISOR

Arlen Hoovler

SUPERVISOR

Mary Remington

Secretary

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